## IN THE CLAIMS:

Please amend claims set forth below.

- 1. (Currently Amended) A conformationally constrained compound or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or prodrug thereof, the compound comprising an amino acid sequence (I):
- (I)  $R-(Haa_1-Saa-Xaa_1-Xaa_2)_n-Haa_2-Xaa_3-Xaa_4-Haa_3-(Saa-Naa-Xaa_5-Haa_4)_m-R'$

[SEQ ID NO: 1-3]

wherein Haa<sub>1</sub>, Haa<sub>2</sub>, Haa<sub>3</sub> and Haa<sub>4</sub> are each independently an amino acid residue with a hydrophobic side chain or when n and m are both 1, one of Haa<sub>1</sub>, Haa<sub>2</sub> and Haa<sub>4</sub> is optionally Xaa<sub>1</sub>;

each Saa is an amino acid residue with a small side chain;

Naa is an amino acid residue with a negatively charged side chain;

Xaa<sub>1</sub>, Xaa<sub>2</sub>, Xaa<sub>3</sub>, Xaa<sub>4</sub> and Xaa<sub>5</sub> are each independently an amino acid residue, Zaa<sub>1</sub> or Zaa<sub>2</sub>;

R is H, an N-terminal capping group or an oligopeptide optionally capped by an N-terminal capping group;

R' is H, a C-terminal capping group or an oligopeptide optionally capped by a C-terminal capping group; and

m and n are 0 or 1, provided that at least one of m and n is 1;

wherein a conformational constraint is provided by a linker (L) which tethers two amino acid residues, Zaa<sub>1</sub> and Zaa<sub>2</sub>, in the sequence.

- 2. (Original) A conformationally constrained compound or pharmaceutically acceptable salt or prodrug thereof according to claim 1 wherein all of Haa<sub>1</sub>, Haa<sub>2</sub>, Haa<sub>3</sub> and Haa<sub>4</sub> are amino acid residues with a hydrophobic side chain.
- 3. (Original) A conformationally constrained compound or pharmaceutically acceptable salt or prodrug thereof according to claim 1 wherein Haa<sub>1</sub>, Haa<sub>2</sub>, Haa<sub>3</sub> and Haa<sub>4</sub> are independently selected from L-phenylalanine, L-isoleucine, L-leucine, L-valine, L-methionine and L-tyrosine.

- 4. (Original) A conformationally constrained compound or pharmaceutically acceptable salt or prodrug thereof according to claim 1 wherein Haa<sub>2</sub> is L-leucine.
- 5. (Original) A conformationally constrained compound or pharmaceutically acceptable salt or prodrug thereof according to claim 1 wherein each Saa is independently selected from glycine, L-alanine, L-serine, L-cysteine and aminoisobutyric acid.
- 6. (Original) A conformationally constrained compound or pharmaceutically acceptable salt or prodrug thereof according to claim 1 wherein Naa is an L-aspartic acid or an L-glutamic acid residue.
- 7. (Original) A conformationally constrained compound or pharmaceutically acceptable salt or prodrug thereof according to claim 1 wherein R is an N-terminal capping group or an oligopeptide having 1 to 10 amino acid residues selected from Xaa<sub>1</sub>, optionally capped with an N-terminal capping group.
- 8. (Original) A conformationally constrained compound or pharmaceutically acceptable salt or prodrug thereof according to claim 7 wherein R is an N-terminal capping group selected from acyl and N-succinate.
- 9. (Original) A conformationally constrained compound or pharmaceutically acceptable salt or prodrug thereof according to claim 1 wherein R' is a C-terminal capping group or an oligopeptide having 1 to 10 amino acid residues selected from Xaa<sub>1</sub>, optionally capped with a C-terminal capping group.
- 10. (Original) A conformationally constrained compound or pharmaceutically acceptable salt or prodrug thereof according to claim 9, wherein the C-terminal capping group is NH<sub>2</sub>.
- 11. (Original) A conformationally constrained compound or pharmaceutically acceptable salt

or prodrug thereof according to claim 1, wherein Xaa<sub>1</sub>, Xaa<sub>2</sub>, Xaa<sub>3</sub>, Xaa<sub>4</sub> and Xaa<sub>5</sub> are independently selected from L-alanine, L-arginine, L-asparagine, L-aspartic acid, L-cysteine, L-glutamine, L-glutamic acid, L-glycine, L-histidine, L-isoleucine, L-leucine, L-lysine, L-methionine, L-phenylalanine, L-proline, L-serine, L-threonine, L-tryptophan, L-tyrosine and L-valine.

- 12. (Original) A conformationally constrained compound or pharmaceutically acceptable salt or prodrug thereof according to claim 1 wherein the linker (L) tethers two non-adjacent amino acids in an i(i+7) relationship where the first end of the linker is attached to a first amino acid residue (Zaa<sub>1</sub>) at a first position and the other end of the linker is attached to a second amino acid residue (Zaa<sub>2</sub>) which is positioned 7 amino acids after Zaa<sub>1</sub>.
- 13. (Original) A conformationally constrained compound or pharmaceutically acceptable salt or prodrug thereof according to claim 1 wherein L is 4 to 8 atoms in length.
- 14. (Original) A conformationally constrained compound or pharmaceutically acceptable salt or prodrug thereof according to claim 12 wherein Zaa<sub>1</sub> is located before Haa<sub>1</sub> at the N-terminal of the sequence and Zaa<sub>2</sub> is located between Haa<sub>2</sub> and Haa<sub>3</sub>.
- 15. (Original) A conformationally constrained compound or pharmaceutically acceptable salt or prodrug thereof according to claim 12 wherein Zaa<sub>1</sub> is located between Haa<sub>1</sub> and Haa<sub>2</sub> and Zaa<sub>2</sub> is located between Haa<sub>3</sub> and Haa<sub>4</sub>.
- 16. (Original) A conformationally constrained compound or pharmaceutically acceptable salt or prodrug thereof according to claim 12 wherein Zaa<sub>1</sub> is located between Haa<sub>2</sub> and Haa<sub>3</sub> and Zaa<sub>2</sub> is located after Haa<sub>4</sub> at the C-terminal end of the amino acid sequence.
- 17. (Original) A conformationally constrained compound or pharmaceutically acceptable salt or prodrug thereof according to claim 1 wherein Zaa<sub>1</sub> and Zaa<sub>2</sub> are independently selected from L-aspartic acid, L-glutamic acid, L-lysine, L-ornithine, D-aspartic acid, D-glutamic acid, D-

lysine, D-ornithine, L- $\beta$ -homoaspartic acid, L- $\beta$ -homoglutamic acid, L- $\beta$ -homolysine, L- $\alpha$ -methylaspartic acid, L- $\alpha$ -methylglutamic acid, L- $\alpha$ -methylglutamic acid, D- $\alpha$ -methyl

- 18. (Original) A conformationally constrained compound or pharmaceutically acceptable salt or prodrug thereof according to claim 17 wherein Zaa<sub>1</sub> and Zaa<sub>2</sub> are independently selected from L-aspartic acid, L-glutamic acid, L-lysine and L-ornithine.
- 19. (Original) A conformationally constrained compound or pharmaceutically acceptable salt or prodrug thereof according to claim 18 wherein Zaa<sub>1</sub> and Zaa<sub>2</sub> are independently selected from L-aspartic acid and L-glutamic acid.
- 20. (Original) A conformationally constrained compound or pharmaceutically acceptable salt or prodrug thereof according to claim 1 wherein Zaa<sub>1</sub> and Zaa<sub>2</sub> have side chains containing a carboxylic acid and the linker is selected from the group consisting of -NH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>4</sub>NH-, -NH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>5</sub>NH-, -NH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>6</sub>NH-, -NH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>7</sub>NH-, -NH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>O(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>NH-,
- $-NH(CH_2)_2N^+H_2(CH_2)_2NH-$ ,  $-NH(CH_2)_2S(CH_2)_2NH-$ ,  $-NHCH_2C(=O)NH(CH_2)_2NH-$ ,
- $-NH(CH_2)_2NHC (= O)CH_2NH-, -NH(CH_2)_2SS(CH_2)_2-NH-, -NH(CH_2)_2O(CH_2)_3NH-, -NH(CH_2)_2O($
- $-NH(CH_2)_2N^+H_2(CH_2)_3NH-, -NH(CH_2)_2S(CH_2)_3NH-, -NH(CH_2)_2C(=O)NH(CH_2)_2NH-, -NH(CH_2)_2NH-, -NH(CH$
- -NH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>NHC(=O)(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>NH-, -NHCH<sub>2</sub>C(=O)NH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>3</sub>NH-, -NH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>3</sub>NHC(=O)CH<sub>2</sub>NH-,
- $-NHCH_2C(=O)NH(CH_2)_4NH-, -NH(CH_2)_4NHC(=O)CH_2NH-, -NH(CH_2)_2C(=O)NH(CH_2)_3NH-, -NH(CH_2)_4NH-, -NH(CH_$
- $-NH(CH2)_3NHC(=O)(CH_2)_2NH-$ ,  $-NH(CH_2)_3C(=O)NH(CH_2)_2NH-$  and
- $-NH(CH_2)_2NHC(=O)(CH_2)_3NH-.$
- 21. (Original) A conformationally constrained compound or pharmaceutically acceptable salt or prodrug thereof according to claim 20 wherein the linker is selected from the group consisting of -NH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>5</sub>NH-, -NH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>6</sub>NH-, -NH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>7</sub>NH-, -NHCH<sub>2</sub>C(=O)NH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>NH-, -NH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>NH-, -NH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>O(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>3</sub>NH- and -NH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>C(=O)NH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>NH-.
- 22. (Original) A conformationally constrained compound or pharmaceutically acceptable salt

or prodrug thereof according to claim 20 wherein the linker is selected from the group consisting of -NH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>5</sub>NH- and -NHCH<sub>2</sub>C(=O)NH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>NH-.

- 23. (Original) A conformationally constrained compound or pharmaceutically acceptable salt or prodrug thereof according to claim 1 wherein Zaa<sub>1</sub> and Zaa<sub>2</sub> have side chains containing an amino group and the linker is selected from the group consisting of  $-C(=O)(CH_2)_4C(=O)$ -,  $-C(=O)(CH_2)_5C(=O)$ -,  $-C(=O)(CH_2)_6C(=O)$ -,  $-C(=O)(CH_2)_7C(=O)$ -,  $-C(=O)(CH_2)_2O(CH_2)_2C(=O)$ -,  $-C(=O)(CH_2)_2O(CH_2)_2C(=O)$ -,  $-C(=O)(CH_2)_2O(CH_2)_2C(=O)$ -,  $-C(=O)(CH_2)_2O(CH$
- 24. (Original) A conformationally constrained compound or pharmaceutically acceptable salt or prodrug thereof according to claim 23 wherein the linker is selected from the group consisting of  $-C(=O)(CH_2)_5C(=O)$ -,  $-C(=O)(CH_2)_6C(=O)$ -,  $-C(=O)(CH_2)_7C(=O)$ -,  $-C(=O)(CH_2)_2C(=O)$ -,  $-C(=O)(CH_2)_2C(=O)$ -,  $-C(=O)(CH_2)_2C(=O)$ -,  $-C(=O)(CH_2)_2C(=O)$ -,  $-C(=O)(CH_2)_2C(=O)$ -.

 $-C(=O)(CH_2)_3C(=O)NH(CH_2)_2C(=O)$ - and  $-C(=O)(CH_2)_2NHC(=O)(CH_2)_3C(=O)$ -.

- 25. (Original) A conformationally constrained compound or pharmaceutically acceptable salt or prodrug thereof according to claim 23 wherein the linker is selected from the group consisting of -C(=O)(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>5</sub>C(=O)- and -C(=O)CH<sub>2</sub>C(=O)NH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>C(=O)-.
- 26. (Original) A conformationally constrained compound or pharmaceutically acceptable salt or prodrug thereof according to claim 1 wherein Zaa<sub>1</sub> has a side chain containing an amino group and Zaa<sub>2</sub> has a side chain containing a carboxylic acid and the linker is selected

- $-C(=O)(CH_2)_4NH_{-}$ ,  $-C(=O)(CH_2)_5NH_{-}$ ,  $-C(=O)(CH_2)_6NH_{-}$ ,  $-C(=O)(CH_2)_7NH_{-}$ ,
- $-C(=O)(CH_2)_2O(CH_2)_2NH-, -C(=O)(CH_2)N^{\dagger}H_2(CH_2)_2NH-, -C(=O)(CH_2)S(CH_2)_2NH-, -C(=O)(CH_2)_2NH-, -C(=O)(CH_2)_$
- $-C(=O)CH_2C(=O)NH(CH_2)_2NH-, -C(=O)(CH_2)_2NHC(=O)CH_2NH-, -C(=O)(CH_2)_2SS(CH_2)_2-C(=O)CH_2C(=O)(CH_2)_2NH-, -C(=O)(CH_2)_2NH-, -C(=O)(CH_2)_$
- $NH-, -C(=O)(CH_2)_2O(CH_2)_3NH-, -C(=O)(CH_2)_2N^{\dagger}H_2(CH_2)_3NH-, -C(=O)(CH_2)_2S(CH_2)_3NH-, -C(=O)(CH_2)_2S$
- $-C(=O)(CH_2)_2C(=O)NH(CH_2)_2NH-$ ,  $-C(=O)(CH_2)_2NHC(=O)(CH_2)_2NH-$ ,
- $-C(=O)CH_2C(=O)NH(CH_2)_3NH-$ ,  $-C(=O)(CH_2)_3NHC(=O)CH_2NH-$ ,
- $-C(=O)CH_2C(=O)NH(CH_2)_4NH-$ ,  $-C(=O)(CH_2)_4NHC(=O)CH_2NH-$ ,
- $-C(=O)(CH_2)_2C(=O)NH(CH_2)_3NH-$ ,  $-C(=O)(CH_2)_3NHC(=O)(CH_2)_2NH-$ ,
- $-C(=O)(CH_2)_3C(=O)NH(CH_2)_2NH-$  and  $-C(=O)(CH_2)_2NHC(=O)(CH_2)_3NH-$ .
- 27. (Original) A conformationally constrained compound or pharmaceutically acceptable salt or prodrug thereof according to claim 26 wherein the linker is selected from the group consisting of -C(=O)(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>5</sub>NH-, -C(=O)(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>6</sub>NH-, -C(=O)(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>7</sub>NH-, -C(=O)CH<sub>2</sub>C(=O)NH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>NH-, -C(=O)(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>NHC(=O)CH<sub>2</sub>NH-, -C(=O)(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>O(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>3</sub>NH- and -C(=O)(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>C(=O)NH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>NH-.
- 28. (Original) A conformationally constrained compound or pharmaceutically acceptable salt or prodrug thereof according to claim 26 wherein the linker is selected from the group consisting of  $-C(=O)(CH_2)_5NH$  and  $-C(=O)CH_2C(=O)NH(CH_2)_2NH$ -.
- 29. (Original) A conformationally constrained compound or pharmaceutically acceptable salt or prodrug thereof according to claim 1 wherein Zaa<sub>1</sub> has a side chain containing a carboxylic acid and Zaa<sub>2</sub> has a side chain containing an amino group and the linker is selected from the group consisting of -NH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>4</sub>C(=O)-, -NH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>5</sub>C(=O)-, -NH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>6</sub>C(=O)-,
- $-NH(CH_2)_7C(=O)-, -NH(CH_2)_2O(CH_2)_2C(=O)-, -NH(CH_2)N^+H_2(CH_2)_2C(=O)-, -NH(CH_2)N^+H_2(CH_2)_2C(=O)-, -NH(CH_2)N^-H_2(CH_2)_2C(=O)-, -NH(CH_2)_2C(=O)-, -NH(CH_2)_2$
- $-NH(CH_2)S(CH_2)_2C(=O)-, -NHCH_2C(=O)NH(CH_2)_2C(=O)-, -NH(CH_2)_2NHC(=O)CH_2C(=O)-, -NH(CH_2)_2C(=O)-, -$
- $-NH(CH_2)_2SS(CH_2)_2C(=O)-, -NH(CH_2)_2O(CH_2)_3C(=O)-, -NH(CH_2)_2N^+H_2(CH_2)_3C(=O)-, -NH(CH_2)_2SS(CH_2)_2C(=O)-, -NH(CH_2)_2O(CH_2)_3C(=O)-, -NH(CH_2)_2O(CH_2)_3C(O)-, -NH(CH_2)_2O(CH_2)$
- $-NH(CH_2)_2S(CH_2)_3C(=O)-, -NH(CH_2)_2C(=O)NH(CH_2)_2C(=O)-,\\$
- $-NH(CH_2)_2NHC(=O)(CH_2)_2C(=O)-$ ,  $-NHCH_2C(=O)NH(CH_2)_3C(=O)-$ ,
- $-NH(CH_2)_3NHC(=O)CH_2C(=O)-$ ,  $-NHCH_2C(=O)NH(CH_2)_4C(=O)-$ ,

- $-NH(CH_2)_4NHC(=O)CH_2C(=O)-$ ,  $-NH(CH_2)_2C(=O)NH(CH_2)_3C(=O)-$ ,
- $-NH(CH_2)_3NHC(=O)(CH_2)_2C(=O)-$ ,  $-NH(CH_2)_3C(=O)NH(CH_2)_2C(=O)-$ .
- 30. (Original) A conformationally constrained compound or pharmaceutically acceptable salt or prodrug thereof according to claim 29 wherein the linker is selected from the group consisting of -NH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>5</sub>C(=O)-, -NH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>6</sub>C(=O)-, -NH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>7</sub>C(=O)-, -NHCH<sub>2</sub>C(=O)NH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>C(=O)-, -NH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>C(=O)- and -NH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>C(=O)NH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>C(=O)-.
- 31. (Original) A conformationally constrained compound or pharmaceutically acceptable salt or prodrug thereof according to claim 29 wherein the linker is selected from the group consisting of  $-NH(CH_2)_5C(=O)$  and  $-NHCH_2C(=O)NH(CH_2)_2C(=O)$ -.
- 32. (Currently Amended) A conformationally constrained compound or pharmaceutically acceptable salt or prodrug thereof according to claim 1, of any one of formulae (II) to (VI):

wherein Haa<sub>1</sub>, Haa<sub>2</sub>, Haa<sub>3</sub>, Haa<sub>4</sub>, Xaa<sub>1</sub>, Xaa<sub>2</sub>, Xaa<sub>3</sub>, Xaa<sub>5</sub>, Saa, Naa and L are as defined above for formula (I), m is 0 or 1, R<sup>1</sup> and R<sup>1</sup> are as defined above for R and R' in formula (I), Zaa<sub>1</sub>-L-Zaa<sub>2</sub> represents two amino acid residues with their side chains bridged by a linker L;

wherein Haa<sub>1</sub>, Haa<sub>2</sub>, Haa<sub>3</sub>, Haa<sub>4</sub>, Xaa<sub>1</sub>, Xaa<sub>2</sub>, Xaa<sub>4</sub>, Xaa<sub>5</sub>, Saa, Naa and L are as defined above for formula (I), Xaa<sub>6</sub> is an amino acid residue as defined for Xaa<sub>1</sub> above; m is 0 or 1, R<sup>2</sup> and R<sup>2</sup> are as defined above for R and R' in formula (I), Zaa<sub>1</sub>-L-Zaa<sub>2</sub> represents two amino acid residues with their side chains bridged by a linker L;

(IV) R<sup>3</sup>-(Haa<sub>1</sub>-Saa-Xaa<sub>1</sub>)<sub>p</sub>-Zaa<sub>1</sub>-Haa<sub>2</sub>-Xaa<sub>3</sub>-Xaa<sub>4</sub>-Haa<sub>3</sub>-Saa-Naa-Zaa<sub>2</sub>-Haa<sub>4</sub>-R<sup>3'</sup>
[SEO ID NO: 8, 9]

wherein Haa<sub>1</sub>, Haa<sub>2</sub>, Haa<sub>3</sub>, Haa<sub>4</sub>, Xaa<sub>1</sub>, Xaa<sub>3</sub>, Xaa<sub>4</sub>, Saa, Naa and L are as defined above for formula (I), p is 0 or 1, R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>3'</sup> are as defined above for R and R' in formula (I), Zaa<sub>1</sub>-L-Zaa<sub>2</sub> represents two amino acid residues with their side chains bridged by a linker L;

(V)  $R^4$ -(Haa<sub>1</sub>-Saa-Xaa<sub>1</sub>-Xaa<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>-Haa<sub>2</sub>-Zaa<sub>1</sub>-Xaa<sub>4</sub>-Haa<sub>3</sub>-Saa-Naa-Xaa<sub>5</sub>-Haa<sub>4</sub>-Zaa<sub>2</sub>- $R^4$ ' [SEQ ID NO: 10, 11]

wherein Haa<sub>1</sub>, Haa<sub>2</sub>, Haa<sub>3</sub>, Haa<sub>4</sub>, Xaa<sub>1</sub>, Xaa<sub>2</sub>, Xaa<sub>4</sub>, Xaa<sub>5</sub>, Saa, Naa and L are as defined above in formula (I), n is 0 or 1, R<sup>4</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> are as defined above for R and R' in formula (I), Zaa<sub>1</sub>-L-Zaa<sub>2</sub> represents two amino acid residues with their side chains bridged by a linker L; and

(VI) R<sup>5</sup>-(Haa<sub>1</sub>-Saa-Xaa<sub>1</sub>-Xaa<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>-Haa<sub>2</sub>-Xaa<sub>3</sub>-Zaa<sub>1</sub>-Haa<sub>3</sub>-Saa-Naa-Xaa<sub>5</sub>-Haa<sub>4</sub>-Xaa<sub>6</sub>-Zaa<sub>2</sub>-R<sup>5</sup>'
[SEQ ID NO: 12, 13]

wherein Haa<sub>1</sub>, Haa<sub>2</sub>, Haa<sub>3</sub>, Haa<sub>4</sub>, Xaa<sub>1</sub>, Xaa<sub>2</sub>, Xaa<sub>3</sub>, Xaa<sub>5</sub>, Saa, Naa and L are as defined above for formula (I), Xaa<sub>6</sub> is an amino acid residue as defined for Xaa<sub>1</sub> above; n is 0 or 1, R<sup>5</sup> and R<sup>5'</sup> are as defined above for R and R' in formula (I), Zaa<sub>1</sub>-L-Zaa<sub>2</sub> represents two amino acid residues with their side chains bridged by a linker L; or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or prodrug thereof.

33. (Currently Amended) A conformationally constrained compound or pharmaceutically acceptable salt or prodrug thereof according to claim 32 having structural formula (VII):

wherein Zaa<sub>1</sub>, Haa<sub>2</sub>, Xaa<sub>3</sub>, Xaa<sub>4</sub>, Haa<sub>3</sub>, Saa, Naa, Zaa<sub>2</sub>, Haa<sub>4</sub>, R<sup>3</sup>, R<sup>3</sup> and L are defined above in formula (IV).

34. (Currently Amended) A conformationally constrained compound or pharmaceutically

acceptable salt or prodrug thereof according to claim 1 having structural formula (VIII):

# (VIII) Ac-Zaa<sub>1</sub>-IAQELR-Zaa<sub>2</sub>-IGDEF-NH<sub>2</sub> [SEQ ID NO: 15]

where Zaa1 and Zaa2 are selected from L-aspartic acid, L-glutamic acid; and

L is selected from -NH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>4</sub>NH-, -NH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>5</sub>NH-, -NH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>6</sub>NH-, -NH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>7</sub>NH-,

-NH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>O(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>NH-, -NH(CH<sub>2</sub>)N<sup>+</sup>H<sub>2</sub>(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>NH-, -NH(CH<sub>2</sub>)S(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>NH-,

 $-NHCH_2C(=O)NH(CH_2)_2NH-, -NH(CH_2)_2NHC(=O)CH_2NH-, -NH(CH_2)_2SS(CH_2)_2NH-, -NH(CH_2)_2NH-, -NH(CH_2)_2N$ 

-NH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>O(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>3</sub>NH-, -NH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>N<sup>+</sup>H<sub>2</sub>(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>3</sub>NH-, -NH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>S(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>3</sub>NH-,

 $-NH(CH_2)_2C(=O)NH(CH_2)_2NH-$  and  $-NH(CH_2)_2NHC(=O)(CH_2)_2NH-$ ; or

where Zaa1 and Zaa2 are selected from L-lysine and ornithine; and

L is selected from  $-C(=O)(CH_2)_4C(=O)$ -,  $-C(=O)(CH_2)_5C(=O)$ -,  $-C(=O)(CH_2)_6C(=O)$ -,

 $-C(=O)(CH_2)_7C(=O)-, -C(=O)(CH_2)_2O(CH_2)_2C(=O)-, -C(=O)(CH_2)N^+H_2(CH_2)_2C(=O)-, -C(=O)(CH_2)^-+C(=O)(CH_2$ 

 $-C(=O)(CH_2)S(CH_2)_2C(=O)-$ ,  $-C(=O)CH_2C(=O)NH(CH_2)_2C(=O)-$ ,

 $-C(=O)(CH_2)_2NHC(=O)CH_2C(=O)-$ ,  $-C(=O)(CH_2)_2SS(CH_2)_2C(=O)-$ ,

 $-C(=O)(CH_2)_2O(CH_2)_3C(=O)-, -C(=O)(CH_2)_2N^+H_2(CH_2)_3C(=O)-, -C(=O)(CH_2)_2S(CH_2)_3C(=O)-, -C(=O)(CH_2)_2S(CH_2$ 

 $-C(=O)(CH_2)_2C(=O)NH(CH_2)_2C(=O)-$  and  $-C(=O)(CH_2)_2NHC(=O)(CH_2)_2C(=O)-$ ; or

where Zaa<sub>1</sub> is selected from L-aspartic acid, L-glutamic acid and Zaa<sub>2</sub> is selected from L-lysine and ornithine; and

L is selected from  $-NH(CH_2)_4C(=O)$ -,  $-NH(CH_2)_5C(=O)$ -,  $-NH(CH_2)_6C(=O)$ -,  $-NH(CH_2)_7C(=O)$ -

,  $-NH(CH_2)_2O(CH_2)_2C(=O)$ -,  $-NH(CH_2)N^+H_2(CH_2)_2C(=O)$ -,  $-NH(CH_2)S(CH_2)_2C(=O)$ -,

 $-NHCH_2C(=O)NH(CH_2)_2C(=O)-, \ -NH(CH_2)_2NHC(=O)CH_2C(=O)-, \ -NH(CH_2)_2SS(CH_2)_2C(=O)-, \ -NH(CH_2)_2NHC(=O)CH_2C(=O)-, \ -NH(CH_2)_2NHC(=O)-, \ -NH(CH_2)_2NHC(=O)$ 

 $-NH(CH_2)_2O(CH_2)_3C(=O)-, -NH(CH_2)_2N^+H_2(CH_2)_3C(=O)-, -NH(CH_2)_2S(CH_2)_3C(=O)-, -NH(CH_2)_2S(CH_$ 

 $-NH(CH_2)_2C(=O)NH(CH_2)_2C(=O)-\ and\ -NH(CH_2)_2NHC(=O)(CH_2)_2C(=O)-;\ or$ 

where Zaa<sub>1</sub> is selected from L-lysine and ornithine and Zaa<sub>2</sub> is selected from L-aspartic acid, L-glutamic acid; and

L is selected from  $-C(=O)(CH_2)_4NH$ -,  $-C(=O)(CH_2)_5NH$ -,  $-C(=O)(CH_2)_6NH$ -,  $-C(=O)(CH_2)_7NH$ -

,  $-C(=O)(CH_2)_2O(CH_2)_2NH_{-}$ ,  $-C(=O)(CH_2)N^{\dagger}H_2(CH_2)_2NH_{-}$ ,  $-C(=O)(CH_2)S(CH_2)_2NH_{-}$ ,

 $-C(=O)CH_2C(=O)NH(CH_2)_2NH-, -C(=O)(CH_2)_2NHC(=O)CH_2NH-, -C(=O)(CH_2)_2SS(CH_2)_2NH-, -C(=O)(CH_2)_2NH-, -C(=O)(CH_2)_2NH-$ 

 $-C(=O)(CH_2)_2O(CH_2)_3NH-, -C(=O)(CH_2)_2N^\dagger H_2(CH_2)_3NH-, -C(=O)(CH_2)_2S(CH_2)_3NH-, -C(=O)(CH_2)_2N^\dagger H_2(CH_2)_3NH-, -C(=O)(CH_2)_2N^\dagger H_2(CH_2)_2N^\dagger H_2(CH_2)_2$ 

 $-C(=O)(CH_2)_2C(=O)NH(CH_2)_2NH-$  and  $-C(=O)(CH_2)_2NHC(=O)(CH_2)_2NH-$ .

35. (Currently Amended) A conformationally constrained compound or pharmaceutically acceptable salt or prodrug thereof according to claim 1 having structural formula (IX):

where Zaa1 and Zaa2 are selected from L-aspartic acid, L-glutamic acid; and

L is selected from -NH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>4</sub>NH-, -NH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>5</sub>NH-, -NH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>6</sub>NH-, -NH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>7</sub>NH-,

- -NH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>O(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>NH-, -NH(CH<sub>2</sub>)N<sup>+</sup>H<sub>2</sub>(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>NH-, -NH(CH<sub>2</sub>)S(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>NH-,
- $-NHCH_2C(=O)NH(CH_2)_2NH-, -NH(CH_2)_2NHC(=O)CH_2NH-, -NH(CH_2)_2SS(CH_2)_2NH-, -NH(CH_2)_2NH-, -NH(CH_2)_2N$
- $-NH(CH_2)_2O(CH_2)_3NH_{-}$ ,  $-NH(CH_2)_2N^+H_2(CH_2)_3NH_{-}$ ,  $-NH(CH_2)_2S(CH_2)_3NH_{-}$ ,
- $-NH(CH_2)_2C(=O)NH(CH_2)_2NH-$ ,  $-NH(CH_2)_2NHC(=O)(CH_2)_2NH-$ ,
- $-NHCH_2C(=O)NH(CH_2)_3NH-$ ,  $-NH(CH_2)_3NHC(=O)CH_2NH-$ ,  $-NHCH_2C(=O)NH(CH_2)_4NH-$ ,  $-NHCH_2C(=O)NH-$
- $NH(CH_2)_4NHC(=O)CH_2NH-, -NH(CH_2)_2C(=O)NH(CH_2)_3NH-, -NH(CH_2)_3NHC(=O)(CH_2)_2NH-, -NH(CH_2)_4NHC(=O)(CH_2)_2NH-, -NH(CH_2)_4NHC(=O)(CH_2)_2NH-, -NH(CH_2)_4NHC(=O)(CH_2)_2NH-, -NH(CH_2)_4NHC(=O)(CH_2)_2NH-, -NH(CH_2)_4NH-, -NH(CH_2$
- .-NH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>3</sub>C(=O)NH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>NH- and -NH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>NHC(=O)(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>3</sub>NH-; or

where Zaa1 and Zaa2 are selected from L-lysine and ornithine; and

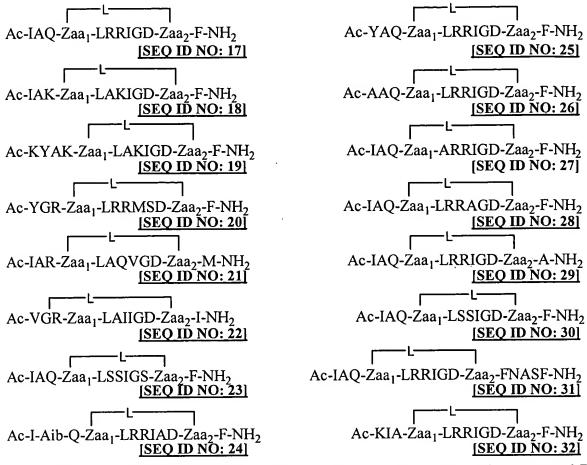
L is selected from  $-C(=O)(CH_2)_4C(=O)$ -,  $-C(=O)(CH_2)_5C(=O)$ -,  $-C(=O)(CH_2)_6C(=O)$ -,

- $-C(=O)(CH_2)_7C(=O)-, -C(=O)(CH_2)_2O(CH_2)_2C(=O)-, -C(=O)(CH_2)N^+H_2(CH_2)_2C(=O)-, -C(=O)(CH_2)N^-H_2(CH_2)_2C(=O)-, -C(=O)(CH_2)_2C(=O)-, -C($
- $-C(=O)(CH_2)S(CH_2)_2C(=O)-, -C(=O)CH_2C(=O)NH(CH_2)_2C(=O)-,\\$
- $-C(=O)(CH_2)_2NHC(=O)CH_2C(=O)-, -C(=O)(CH_2)_2SS(CH_2)_2C(=O)-,\\$
- $-C(=O)(CH_2)_2O(CH_2)_3C(=O)-, -C(=O)(CH_2)_2N^+H_2(CH_2)_3C(=O)-, -C(=O)(CH_2)_2S(CH_2)_3C(=O)-, -C(=O)(CH_2)_2S(CH$
- $-C(=O)(CH_2)_2C(=O)NH(CH_2)_2C(=O)-,\ -C(=O)(CH_2)_2NHC(=O)(CH_2)_2C(=O)-,\ -C(=O)(CH_2)_2C(=O)(CH_2)_2C(=O)-,\ -C(=O)(CH_2)_2C(=O)(CH_2)_2C(=O)-,\ -C(=O)(CH_2)_2C(=O)(CH_2)_2C(=O)-,\ -C(=O)(CH_2)_2C(=O)(CH_2)_2C(=O)-,\ -C(=O)(CH_2)_2C(=O)(CH_2)_2C(=O)-,\ -C(=O)(CH_2)_2C(=O)(CH_2)_2C(=O)-,\ -C(=O)(CH_2)_2C(=O)(CH_2)_2C(=O)-,\ -C(=O)(CH_2)_2C(=O)-,\ -C(=O)(CH_2)_2$
- $-C(=O)CH_2C(=O)NH(CH_2)_3C(=O)-$ ,  $-C(=O)(CH_2)_3NHC(=O)CH_2C(=O)-$ ,
- $-C(=O)CH_2C(=O)NH(CH_2)_4C(=O)-,\ -C(=O)(CH_2)_4NHC(=O)CH_2C(=O)-,\ -C(=O)(CH_2)_4NHC(=O)-,\ -C(CH_2)_4NHC(=O)-,\ -C(CH_2)_4NHC(=O)-,\ -C(CH_2)_4NHC(=O)-,\ -C(CH_2)_4NHC(=O$
- $-C(=O)(CH_2)_2C(=O)NH(CH_2)_3C(=O)-, \ -C(=O)(CH_2)_3NHC(=O)(CH_2)_2C(=O)-, \ -C(=O)(CH_2)_3C(=O)-, \ -C(=O)(CH_2)_3C(=O)-,$
- $-C(=O)(CH_2)_3C(=O)NH(CH_2)_2C(=O)- \ \, \text{and}\ \, -C(=O)(CH_2)_2NHC(=O)(CH_2)_3C(=O)-; \ \, \text{or}\ \, -C(=O)(CH_2)_3C(=O)(CH_2)_3C(=O)-; \ \, \text{or}\ \, -C(=O)(CH_2)_3C(=O)-; \ \, \text{or}\ \, -C(=O)(C$

where Zaa<sub>1</sub> is selected from L-aspartic acid, L-glutamic acid and Zaa<sub>2</sub> is selected from L-lysine and ornithine; and

L is selected from  $-NH(CH_2)_4C(=O)$ -,  $-NH(CH_2)_5C(=O)$ -,  $-NH(CH_2)_6C(=O)$ -,  $-NH(CH_2)_7C(=O)$ -

- $, -NH(CH_2)_2O(CH_2)_2C(=O)-, -NH(CH_2)N^+H_2(CH_2)_2C(=O)-, -NH(CH_2)S(CH_2)_2C(=O)-,$
- $-NHCH_2C(=O)NH(CH_2)_2C(=O)-, -NH(CH_2)_2NHC(=O)CH_2C(=O)-, -NH(CH_2)_2SS(CH_2)_2C(=O)-, -NH(CH_2)_2NHC(=O)CH_2C(=O)-, -NH(CH_2)_2SS(CH_2)_2C(=O)-, -NH(CH_2)_2NHC(=O)CH_2C(=O)-, -NH(CH_2)_2SS(CH_2)_2C(=O)-, -NH(CH_2)_2NHC(=O)CH_2C(=O)-, -NH(CH_2)_2SS(CH_2)_2C(=O)-, -NH(CH_2)_2NHC(=O)CH_2C(=O)-, -NH(CH_2)_2SS(CH_2)_2C(=O)-, -NH(CH_2)_2NHC(=O)CH_2C(=O)-, -NH(CH_2)_2SS(CH_2)_2C(=O)-, -NH(CH_2)_2C(=O)-, -NH(C$
- $-NH(CH_2)_2O(CH_2)_3C(=O)-$ ,  $-NH(CH_2)_2N^+H_2(CH_2)_3C(=O)-$ ,  $-NH(CH_2)_2S(CH_2)_3C(=O)-$ ,
- $-NH(CH_2)_2C(=O)NH(CH_2)_2C(=O)-$ ,  $-NH(CH_2)_2NHC(=O)(CH_2)_2C(=O)-$
- $-NHCH_2C(=O)NH(CH_2)_3C(=O)-$ ,  $-NH(CH_2)_3NHC(=O)CH_2C(=O)-$ ,
- $-NHCH_2C(=O)NH(CH_2)_4C(=O)-$ ,  $-NH(CH_2)_4NHC(=O)CH_2C(=O)-$ ,
- $-NH(CH_2)_2C(=O)NH(CH_2)_3C(=O)-$ ,  $-NH(CH_2)_3NHC(=O)(CH_2)_2C(=O)-$ ,
- $-NH(CH_2)_3C(=O)NH(CH_2)_2C(=O)$  and  $-NH(CH_2)_2NHC(=O)(CH_2)_3C(=O)$ -; or
- where Zaa<sub>1</sub> is selected from L-lysine and ornithine and Zaa<sub>2</sub> is selected from L-aspartic acid, L-glutamic acid; and
- L is selected from  $-C(=O)(CH_2)_4NH$ -,  $-C(=O)(CH_2)_5NH$ -,  $-C(=O)(CH_2)_6NH$ -,  $-C(=O)(CH_2)_7NH$ -
- ,  $-C(=O)(CH_2)_2O(CH_2)_2NH$ -,  $-C(=O)(CH_2)N^{\dagger}H_2(CH_2)_2NH$ -,  $-C(=O)(CH_2)S(CH_2)_2NH$ -,
- $-C(=O)CH_2C(=O)NH(CH_2)_2NH-, -C(=O)(CH_2)_2NHC(=O)CH_2NH-, -C(=O)(CH_2)_2SS(CH_2)_2NH-, -C(=O)(CH_2)_2NH-, -C(=O)(CH_2)_2NH-$
- $-C(=O)(CH_2)_2O(CH_2)_3NH_{-}, -C(=O)(CH_2)_2N^{\dagger}H_2(CH_2)_3NH_{-}, -C(=O)(CH_2)_2S(CH_2)_3NH_{-}, -C(=O)(CH_2)_2N^{\dagger}H_2(CH_2)_3NH_{-}, -C(=O)(CH_2)_2S(CH_2)_3NH_{-}, -C(=O)(CH_2)_2N^{\dagger}H_2(CH_2)_3NH_{-}, -C(=O)(CH_2)_2S(CH_2)_3NH_{-}, -C(=O)(CH_2)_2N^{\dagger}H_2(CH_2)_3NH_{-}, -C(=O)(CH_2)_2S(CH_2)_3NH_{-}, -C(=O)(CH_2)_2N^{\dagger}H_2(CH_2)_3NH_{-}, -C(=O)(CH_2)_2N^{\dagger}H_2($
- $-C(=O)(CH_2)_2C(=O)NH(CH_2)_2NH-$ ,  $-C(=O)(CH_2)_2NHC(=O)(CH_2)_2NH-$ ,
- -C(=O)CH<sub>2</sub>C(=O)NH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>3</sub>NH-, -C(=O)(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>3</sub>NHC(=O)CH<sub>2</sub>NH-,
- $-C(=O)CH_2C(=O)NH(CH_2)_4NH-$ ,  $-C(=O)(CH_2)_4NHC(=O)CH_2NH-$ ,
- $-C(=O)(CH_2)_2C(=O)NH(CH_2)_3NH-, -C(=O)(CH_2)_3NHC(=O)(CH_2)_2NH-,\\$
- $-C(=O)(CH_2)_3C(=O)NH(CH_2)_2NH-$  and  $-C(=O)(CH_2)_2NHC(=O)(CH_2)_3NH-$ .
- 36. (Currently Amended) A conformationally constrained compound or pharmaceutically acceptable salt or prodrug thereof according to claim 1 selected from the group consisting of:



wherein Zaa1 and Zaa2 are as defined in claim 17 and L is a linker which tethers Zaa1 and Zaa2.

- 37. (Original) A conformationally constrained compound or pharmaceutically acceptable salt or prodrug thereof according to claim 36 wherein Zaa<sub>1</sub> and Zaa<sub>2</sub> are independently selected from L-aspartic acid and L-glutamic acid and L is selected from the group consisting of -NH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>5</sub>NH-, -NH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>6</sub>NH-, -NH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>7</sub>NH-, -NHCH<sub>2</sub>(=O)NH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>NH-, -NH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>NHC(=O)CH<sub>2</sub>NH-, -NH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>O(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>3</sub>NH- and -NH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>C(=O)NH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>NH-.
- 38. (Original) A conformationally constrained compound or pharmaceutically acceptable salt or prodrug thereof according to claim 37 wherein L is selected from the group consisting of -NH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>5</sub>NH- and -NHCH<sub>2</sub>C(=O)NH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>NH-.
- 39. (Currently Amended) A conformationally constrained compound or pharmaceutically acceptable salt or prodrug thereof according to claim 1 selected from the group consisting of:

Ac-Zaa<sub>1</sub>-IAQELR-Zaa<sub>2</sub>-IGDEF-NH<sub>2</sub> ISEQ ID NO: 33]

CH2)5NH7 Ac-IAQ-Zaa<sub>1</sub>-LRRIGD-Zaa<sub>2</sub>-F-NH<sub>2</sub> [SEQ ID NO: 34]

CH2)6NH7 Ac-IAQ-Zaa<sub>1</sub>-LRRIGD-Zaa<sub>2</sub>-F-NH<sub>2</sub> [SEQ ID NO: 35]

rNHCH<sub>2</sub>CONH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>1</sub> Ac- IAQ - Zaa<sub>1</sub> - L R R I G D - Zaa<sub>2</sub> - F-NH<sub>2</sub> [SEQ ID NO: 36]

wherein Zaa<sub>1</sub> and Zaa<sub>2</sub> are independently selected from L-aspartic acid and L-glutamic acid.

- 40. (Original) A conformationally constrained compound or pharmaceutically acceptable salt or prodrug thereof according to claim 39 wherein Zaa<sub>1</sub> and Zaa<sub>2</sub> are both L-glutamic acid.
- 41. (Currently Amended) A pharmaceutical composition comprising a conformationally constrained compound, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or prodrug thereof, the compound comprising an amino acid sequence (I):
- (I) R-(Haa<sub>1</sub>-Saa-Xaa<sub>1</sub>-Xaa<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>-Haa<sub>2</sub>-Xaa<sub>3</sub>-Xaa<sub>4</sub>-Haa<sub>3</sub>-(Saa-Naa-Xaa<sub>5</sub>-Haa<sub>4</sub>)<sub>m</sub>-R' [SEQ ID NO: 1-3]

wherein Haa<sub>1</sub>, Haa<sub>2</sub>, Haa<sub>3</sub> and Haa<sub>4</sub> are each independently an amino acid residue with a hydrophobic side chain or when n and m are both 1, one of Haa<sub>1</sub>, Haa<sub>2</sub> and Haa<sub>4</sub> is optionally Xaa<sub>1</sub>;

each Saa is an amino acid residue with a small side chain;

Naa is an amino acid residue with a negatively charged side chain;

Xaa<sub>1</sub>, Xaa<sub>2</sub>, Xaa<sub>3</sub>, Xaa<sub>4</sub> and Xaa<sub>5</sub> are each independently an amino acid residue, Zaa<sub>1</sub> or Zaa<sub>2</sub>;

R is H, an N-terminal capping group or an oligopeptide optionally capped by an N-terminal capping group;

R' is H, a C-terminal capping group or an oligopeptide optionally capped by a C-terminal capping group; and

m and n are 0 or 1, provided that at least one of m and n is 1; wherein a conformational constraint is provided by a linker which tethers two amino acid residues, Zaa<sub>1</sub> and Zaa<sub>2</sub>, in the sequence, together with one or more pharmaceutically acceptable carriers and optionally, other therapeutic and/or prophylactic ingredients.

- 42. (Currently Amended) An assay for identifying compounds which bind to a member of the Bcl-2 family of proteins, the assay comprising the steps of:
  - (a) providing a candidate compound to be tested;
  - (b) contacting a Bcl-2 family protein with the candidate compound and a peptide comprising the amino acid sequence:

## IAQELRRIGDEFN [SEQ ID NO: 37]

under conditions sufficient to allow the candidate compound and the peptide to bind to the Bcl-2 family protein; and

- (c) determining whether the candidate compound has bound to the Bcl-2 family protein.
- 43. (Currently Amended) An assay according to claim 42 wherein the peptide has an amino acid sequence:

## DLRPEIRIAQELRRIGDEFNETYTRR. [SEQ ID NO: 38]

- 44. (Currently Amended) A method of regulating the death of a cell, comprising contacting the cell with an effective amount of a conformationally constrained compound, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or prodrug thereof, the compound comprising an amino acid sequence (I):
- (I) R-(Haa<sub>1</sub>-Saa-Xaa<sub>1</sub>-Xaa<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>-Haa<sub>2</sub>-Xaa<sub>3</sub>-Xaa<sub>4</sub>-Haa<sub>3</sub>-(Saa-Naa-Xaa<sub>5</sub>-Haa<sub>4</sub>)<sub>m</sub>-R' [SEQ ID NO: 1-3]

wherein Haa<sub>1</sub>, Haa<sub>2</sub>, Haa<sub>3</sub> and Haa<sub>4</sub> are each independently an amino acid residue with a hydrophobic side chain or when n and m are both 1, one of Haa<sub>1</sub>, Haa<sub>2</sub> and Haa<sub>4</sub> is optionally Xaa<sub>1</sub>;

each Saa is an amino acid residue with a small side chain;

Naa is an amino acid residue with a negatively charged side chain;

Xaa<sub>1</sub>, Xaa<sub>2</sub>, Xaa<sub>3</sub>, Xaa<sub>4</sub> and Xaa<sub>5</sub> are each independently an amino acid residue, Zaa<sub>1</sub> or Zaa<sub>2</sub>;

R is H, an N-terminal capping group or an oligopeptide optionally capped by an N-terminal capping group;

R' is H, a C-terminal capping group or an oligopeptide optionally capped by a C-terminal capping group; and

m and n are 0 or 1, provided that at least one of m and n is 1;

wherein a conformational constraint is provided by a linker which tethers two amino acidresidues, Zaa<sub>1</sub> and Zaa<sub>2</sub>, in the sequence.

- 45. (Currently Amended) A method of inducing apoptosis in unwanted or damaged cells comprising contacting said damaged or unwanted cells with an effective amount of a conformationally constrained compound, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or prodrug thereof, the compound comprising an amino acid sequence (I):
- (I)  $R-(Haa_1-Saa-Xaa_1-Xaa_2)_n-Haa_2-Xaa_3-Xaa_4-Haa_3-(Saa-Naa-Xaa_5-Haa_4)_m-R'$

#### [SEQ ID NO: 1-3]

wherein Haa<sub>1</sub>, Haa<sub>2</sub>, Haa<sub>3</sub> and Haa<sub>4</sub> are each independently an amino acid residue with a hydrophobic side chain or when n and m are both 1, one of Haa<sub>1</sub>, Haa<sub>2</sub> and Haa<sub>4</sub> is optionally Xaa<sub>1</sub>;

each Saa is an amino acid residue with a small side chain;

Naa is an amino acid residue with a negatively charged side chain;

Xaa<sub>1</sub>, Xaa<sub>2</sub>, Xaa<sub>3</sub>, Xaa<sub>4</sub> and Xaa<sub>5</sub> are each independently an amino acid residue, Zaa<sub>1</sub> or Zaa<sub>2</sub>;

R is H, an N-terminal capping group or an oligopeptide optionally capped by an N-terminal capping group;

R' is H, a C-terminal capping group or an oligopeptide optionally capped by a C-terminal capping group; and

m and n are 0 or 1, provided that at least one of m and n is 1;

wherein a conformational constraint is provided by a linker which tethers two amino acid residues, Zaa<sub>1</sub> and Zaa<sub>2</sub>, in the sequence.

- 46. (Currently Amended) A method of treatment and/or prophylaxis of a pro-survival Bcl-2 family member-mediated disease or condition, in a mammal, comprising administering to said mammal an effective amount of a conformationally constrained compound, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or prodrug thereof, the compound comprising an amino acid sequence (I):
- (I)  $R-(Haa_1-Saa-Xaa_1-Xaa_2)_n-Haa_2-Xaa_3-Xaa_4-Haa_3-(Saa-Naa-Xaa_5-Haa_4)_m-R'$

## [SEQ ID NO: 1-3]

wherein Haa<sub>1</sub>, Haa<sub>2</sub>, Haa<sub>3</sub> and Haa<sub>4</sub> are each independently an amino acid residue with a hydrophobic side chain or when n and m are both 1, one of Haa<sub>1</sub>, Haa<sub>2</sub> and Haa<sub>4</sub> is optionally Xaa<sub>1</sub>;

each Saa is an amino acid residue with a small side chain;

Naa is an amino acid residue with a negatively charged side chain;

Xaa<sub>1</sub>, Xaa<sub>2</sub>, Xaa<sub>3</sub>, Xaa<sub>4</sub> and Xaa<sub>5</sub> are each independently an amino acid residue, Zaa<sub>1</sub> or Zaa<sub>2</sub>;

R is H, an N-terminal capping group or an oligopeptide optionally capped by an N-terminal capping group;

R' is H, a C-terminal capping group or an oligopeptide optionally capped by a C-terminal capping group; and

m and n are 0 or 1, provided that at least one of m and n is 1;

wherein a conformational constraint is provided by a linker which tethers two amino acid residues, Zaa<sub>1</sub> and Zaa<sub>2</sub>, in the sequence.

- 47. (Original) A method according to claim 46 wherein the disease or condition is an inflammatory condition, a cancer or an autoimmune disorder.
- 48. (Currently Amended) A method of treatment and/or prophylaxis of a disease or condition characterised by the inappropriate persistence or proliferation of unwanted or damaged cells in a mammal, comprising administering to said mammal an effective amount of a conformationally constrained compound, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or prodrug thereof, the compound comprising an amino acid sequence (I):
- (I)  $R-(Haa_1-Saa-Xaa_1-Xaa_2)_n-Haa_2-Xaa_3-Xaa_4-Haa_3-(Saa-Naa-Xaa_5-Haa_4)_m-R'$

#### [SEQ ID NO: 1-3]

wherein Haa<sub>1</sub>, Haa<sub>2</sub>, Haa<sub>3</sub> and Haa<sub>4</sub> are each independently an amino acid residue with a hydrophobic side chain or when n and m are both 1, one of Haa<sub>1</sub>, Haa<sub>2</sub> and Haa<sub>4</sub> is optionally Xaa<sub>1</sub>;

each Saa is an amino acid residue with a small side chain;

Naa is an amino acid residue with a negatively charged side chain;

Xaa<sub>1</sub>, Xaa<sub>2</sub>, Xaa<sub>3</sub>, Xaa<sub>4</sub> and Xaa<sub>5</sub> are each independently an amino acid residue, Zaa<sub>1</sub> or Zaa<sub>2</sub>;

R is H, an N-terminal capping group or an oligopeptide optionally capped by an N-terminal capping group;

R' is H, a C-terminal capping group or an oligopeptide optionally capped by a C-terminal capping group; and

m and n are 0 or 1, provided that at least one of m and n is 1;

wherein a conformational constraint is provided by a linker which tethers two amino acid residues, Zaa<sub>1</sub> and Zaa<sub>2</sub>, in the sequence.